# PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2011

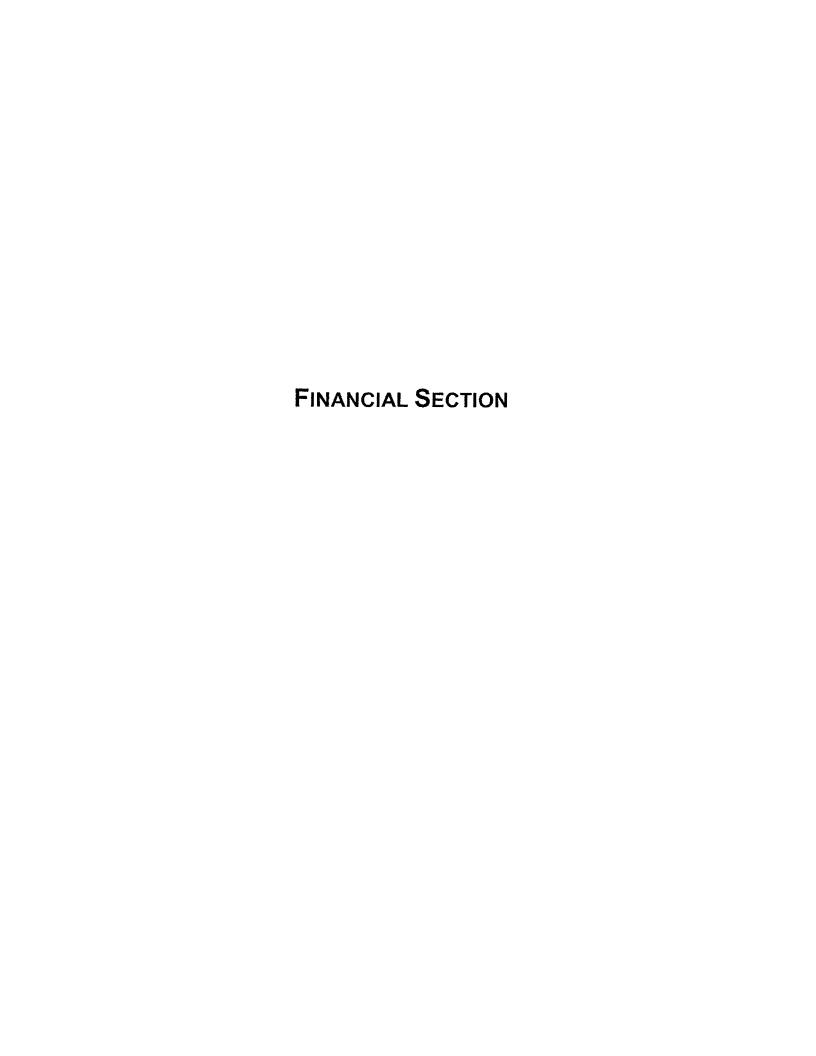


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# MAILLIE, FALCONIERO & COMPANY, LLP

#### Certified Public Accountants and Business Counselors

www.maillie.com

PO Box 680 Oaks, PA 19456-0680 610-935-1420 Fax: 610-935-1632 PO Box 3068 West Chester, PA 19381-3068 610-696-4353 Fax: 610-430-8811

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pennsbury School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Pennsbury School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pennsbury School District as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2011, on our consideration of the Pennsbury School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 11, budgetary comparison information on pages 44 and 45 and postemployment benefits other than pension funding progress on page 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pennsbury School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Maillis Falconies & Company, UP

Oaks, Pennsylvania November 22, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### **PURPOSE**

This section of the Pennsbury School District's (the "District") basic financial statements is intended to provide an overview and an objective analysis of the Pennsbury School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2011. This analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's discussion and analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include three kinds of reports. The first part contains District-wide financial statements. The second part contains fund financial statements. The third contains notes to the basic financial statements. The District also includes additional information to supplement the basic financial statements, such as this discussion and analysis.

The title and a brief description of each of the basic financial statements follow. Page number references for respective statements are also shown.

The Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) reports assets, liabilities and net assets for the District, including governmental activities and business-type activities (page 12).

The Statement of Activities reports the District's expenses, revenues, depreciation and other changes in net assets during the year. This report focuses on the net cost of individual functions with reconciliation between the beginning net assets and the ending net assets (page 13).

The Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds, reports assets, liabilities and fund balance for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund (page 14).

The Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds Balances to Net Deficit of Governmental Activities explains the differences in Governmental Funds balances reported on the Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds, and the total net assets reported on the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) and Statement of Activities (page 15).

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, reports the revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund (page 16).

The Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities provides a reconciliation of the changes in fund balances reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the changes in net assets as reported on the Statement of Activities (pages 17 and 18).

The Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds, reports assets, liabilities and net assets for Proprietary Funds (page 19).

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, Proprietary Funds, reports the revenues, expenditures and changes in net assets for the Food Service Fund, Community Service Fund and the Aquatics Fund (page 20).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A few financial statistics are addressed below to provide a snapshot overview of the District's finances for the year ended June 30, 2011. Prior year data and changes are included in order to provide some perspective on the current year data.

#### <u>Assets</u>

Assets are the things of value owned by the District. Examples of these would include cash, investments, equipment and real property.

		June 30, 2011		June 30, 2010		Difference	
ASSETS Capital Other		\$	108,772,023 56,116,717	\$	109,272,012 43,388,804	\$	(499,989) 12,727,913
тот	AL ASSETS	\$	164,888,740	\$	152,660,816	\$	12,227,924

Capital assets are reported at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation in the District-wide financial statements. The accumulated depreciation and resulting asset value do not, in most cases, reflect the current market economic value of capital assets. Asset values are often higher, especially in the case of real property like school buildings and major equipment like school buses.

The decrease in capital assets is attributed primarily to depreciation in the current year exceeding capital costs.

The increase in other assets is attributed primarily to an increase in cash and cash equivalents, used to finance capital improvements, and additional reserves in fund balance.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities are the financial obligations of the District. Examples of liabilities are accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits, long-term debt and accrued compensated absences.

		2	June 30, 2011	<u>.</u>	lune 30, 2010	 Difference
LIABILITIES Long-term Other		\$	155,377,612 27,497,319	\$	143,136,738 27,672,725	\$ 12,240,874 (175,406)
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	182,874,931	\$_	170,809,463	\$ 12,065,468

The increase in long-term debt is attributed to the issuance of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2010.

The decrease in other liabilities is primarily due to decreased accounts payable at year-end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### **Net Assets**

The difference between total assets and total liabilities results in a number which is total net assets in the District-wide statement of net assets (deficit).

	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	Difference	
NET ASSETS	\$ (17,986,191)	\$ (18,148,647)	\$ 162,456	

A few points should be kept in mind when considering the value of net assets.

First, the accumulated depreciation of fixed assets, mostly school buildings, amounts to \$125,299,892, up from \$116,882,516 in the previous year. This number reflects the fact that the District's older school buildings are fully depreciated. While all Pennsbury schools are serviceable and safe, capital investment is necessary to extend the useful lives of some schools. The School Board has embarked upon a program to do just that. Renovations have been completed at Quarry Hill Elementary School, Penn Valley Elementary School, Manor Elementary School, Walt Disney Elementary School, Oxford Valley Elementary School, Makefield Elementary School and Pennsbury High School West. Also, renovations of Eleanor Roosevelt Elementary School are in progress.

Second, almost all capital assets are funded by the proceeds of a bond issue or a short-term note. Bond issues are normally amortized over a 20-year period. Short-term notes are generally amortized over a five- to ten-year period. When capital assets are acquired, they are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset using the straight-line method of depreciation. The years of depreciation vary depending on the classification of the asset. Land improvements, buildings and building improvements are depreciated over 20 years.

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are depreciated between 5 and 20 years, depending on the estimated useful life of the assets. Vehicles are depreciated over 8 years using a salvage value of 10%. The depreciation time period of capital assets typically matches the amortization period of the borrowed capital used for their purchase. This is done to prevent the obligation of paying for assets after they have been fully depreciated. In some cases, however, our fixed assets are depreciating quicker than the repayment of principal. This is occurring for most of the fixed assets purchased with the proceeds from the 2004 Bond Issue and the 2004A Emmaus Variable Rate Issue. The bulk of the principal payments on these two issues is scheduled to be paid in future years, beginning in 2022. This debt structure was implemented in order to maintain overall level debt service for the District. We anticipate that assets purchased with these proceeds will continue to depreciate quicker than the repayment of debt principal until after the large principal payments are made.

Third, assets in the form of cash and cash equivalents amount to \$43,919,126. This must be viewed in light of intended uses of this cash, such as payment of salaries, contracted services and construction. This cash should not be confused with unrestricted fund balance.

Fourth, although net assets are reported as a deficit of \$(17,986,191), Pennsbury remains in good financial condition. The year-end General Fund unreserved fund balance of \$4,167,696, is considered ample to guard against revenue shortfalls and the need for emergency expenditures. Another indication of the District's financial health is this year's Moody's rating of Aa2. This rating reflects the District's very strong wealth and income indicators, good well-embedded management policies and moderate debt-levels.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Total Program Revenue

General Fund revenue is categorized as being from three major sources. Specifically, these categories are local, state, federal and other. A summary of these revenue sources follows.

	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	Difference	
Local State Federal Other	\$ 132,903,006 32,889,851 5,471,314	\$ 132,481,751 33,364,051 4,267,718 3,522	\$ 421,255 (474,200) 1,203,596 (3,522)	

The primary source of revenue for the year ended June 30, 2011 remains local, which was 77.6% of the total. The largest part of local revenue, about 72.9% of the entire revenue budget, is from real estate tax.

The state share of revenue amounted to 19.2% of the revenue budget for the year ended June 30, 2011 and the federal share of revenue was 3.2%.

The District's capital projects and capital equipment needs are supported primarily by debt capital and interest on invested cash.

Proprietary Fund revenue is generated primarily from the sale of meals and services.

#### Program Expenditures

General Fund expenditures can be categorized in terms of major programs, that is, the general purposes of the expenditures. The two major examples are instruction and support services. A summary of General Fund major program expenditures follows.

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	June 30, 2010	<u> Ditterence</u>	
Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Debt service Other	\$ 107,054,189 46,691,369 1,264,095 12,342,206 33,417	\$ 107,576,859 46,574,625 1,337,445 11,916,030 96,371	\$ (522,670) 116,744 (73,350) 426,176 (62,954)	
Outo	001111	00,011	(,,	

The primary purpose of expenditures was for instruction at 64.0%. Most of the instructional expenditures were for the salary and benefits of instructional staff, about 53.6% of the total expenditures.

Expenditures for capital projects were provided almost entirely from the Capital Projects Fund, primarily the 2009A and the 2010 bond issues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance in the balance sheet (Governmental Funds) is the difference between revenue and expenditures at the end of the year, combined with the fund balance from the beginning of the year. In other words, fund balance is the accumulated savings in a fund. Nonspendable fund balance reflects funds that are legally earmarked for a specific future use and are not available for appropriation. Restricted fund balance reflects funds that are earmarked for a specific purpose because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by a grantor or creditor and are not available for appropriation. Committed fund balance reflects funds that the Board has taken formal action to earmark for a specific purpose and are not available for appropriation. Assigned fund balance reflects amounts that the Board or Administration has informally earmarked for a specific purpose. Although committed fund balance and assigned fund balance represent planned needs or actions, they are not legally or contractually required and can be changed by the Board if the need arises. Unassigned fund balance represents funds that have not been included in Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, or Assigned Fund Balance and is available for appropriation. A more detailed reporting of the General Fund - Fund Balance is noted below.

	J	June 30,		
	2011	2010		
Nonspendable	\$ 589,013	\$ 703,903		
Committed	6,550,000	5,900,000		
Assigned Unassigned	1,252,000	0.075.044		
Onassigned	4,167,696	2,075,911		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ <u>12,558,709</u>	\$ <u>8,679,814</u>		

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the fund balance increased \$3,878,895 compared to the prior year. Expressed as a percentage of the 2010-2011 budget, total fund balance was 7.1%, and unassigned fund balance was 2.4%. The increase in fund balance is primarily due to change in PSERS employer contribution rate after budget was adopted, favorable health benefit claims experience and salary savings from staff turnover. The District has developed a financial strategy for fund balance and attempts to maintain a reasonable fund balance to protect against revenue receipt shortfalls and/or emergency expenditure needs.

#### Special or Extraordinary Items and Transfers

For many years now, the Food Service Fund has had an unrestricted deficit. This deficit was eliminated last year and the fund ended this year with an unrestricted surplus of \$140,978. This has been a result of improved management and marketing.

After several profitable years, the deficit operation of the community services program has been eliminated. The program had encompassed the aquatics program, community adult school, summer sports camps and summer recreation programs. Measures taken over the last several years to reorganize the aquatics program, summer recreation, summer sports camps and the community school have resulted in profitability of the community services program. These measures have proven successful as evidenced by increasing the unrestricted balance from \$61,810 to this year's unrestricted surplus of \$105,396.

#### Significant Events and Risks

During the upcoming fiscal years, there are several events and risks, which may have a significant financial impact on the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

The Taxpayer Relief Act (Act 1) enacted in June 2006 is still in effect. In accordance with Act 1, property tax increases are limited to an inflationary index that is determined and reported by the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) in September of each year. The District cannot increase the tax rate beyond the index unless either the increase is approved by the voters in the District at a public referendum or allowable exceptions outlined in the Act are approved by the PDE or Court of Common Pleas. The District does not currently levy an earned or personal income tax, but may consider placing a referendum question on the general election ballot in November of each odd-numbered year seeking approval to levy such tax for the purpose of funding homestead and farmstead exclusions as allowable under the law. For the last several years of Act 1, the District's tax rate increase has been below the index even though approved exceptions under the Act would have allowed tax rate increases above the index. Last year the District did not apply for exceptions or increase real estate taxes.

The real estate tax installment payments required under Act 1 have had virtually no effect on the District's cash flow. This is due primarily to the low participation in installment payments, low interest rates and the forfeit of the 2% discount if the installment plan is selected.

The District insures employee health care on a cost plus basis. Costs associated with this arrangement have been significantly lower than a premium-based plan, and the District has had good claims experience the past few years. In recent years, the District has increased the level of employee contributions required to share in the cost of health benefits. There still is, however, an increased expenditure risk associated with high cost cases. In other words, if there is an unusually high number of such cases, the District will have unusually high medical benefits costs. While stop loss insurance provides some protection, the risk still remains.

Energy costs have been very volatile over the past few years and have been a budgetary challenge. In addition, deregulation of electricity began January 1, 2011 in Pennsylvania. In an attempt to manage future energy costs, the District has contracted with an energy consultant to advise and assist the District with locking-in future energy prices. This action, coupled with energy conservation and joint purchasing of diesel fuel, gasoline and heating oil through the Bucks County Intermediate Unit enable the District to better manage this expenditure.

The Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) is a defined benefit pension plan for Pennsylvania school employees. The employer's share of retirement contributions has traditionally been funded half by the Commonwealth and half by the District. PSERS projections indicate that if the established process for funding retirement contributions continues, significant increases in the employer's contribution rates will be required beginning in 2012-2013. Significant increases in the employer's rates will result in significant increases in District expenditures.

The following table shows recent year employer's contribution rates and amounts and the projection for the upcoming year.

Fiscal Year	Rate*	Amount		
2008-2009	4.76%	\$ 4,496,567 (actual)		
2009-2010	4.78%	4,498,483 (actual)		
2010-2011	5.64%	5,239,176 (actual)		
2011-2012	8.65% (budgeted)	8,118,602 (budgeted)		

<sup>\*</sup>Percent of PSERS qualified salaries and wages.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2011

Interest rate risk remains a consideration because the District depends on interest earnings on invested cash. Interest rates over the last year have made the projection of this revenue riskier than in years past. Due to the fact that interest rates have remained at a low level for an extended period of time, we have again reduced the upcoming year's budget for this revenue item. It is our hope that the investment rates will improve and investment earnings will increase in the future.

The Keystone Opportunity Improvement Zone (KOIZ) that was established at the former U.S. Steel Fairless Works site, now known as the Keystone Industrial Port Complex (KIPC), was designated as an eco-industrial park by the Environmental Protection Agency. This designation brought together a wide variety of manufacturing and service-oriented businesses, all of which are looking to enhance their environmental and economic performances by collaborating with each other and KIPC on the management of waste, energy, water and raw materials. We anticipate a strong, vital tax base when these properties become taxable in the 2019-2020 school year.

We are beginning to see development of the MATRIX property in Lower Makefield Township. A bank and a pharmacy have been constructed and both opened in 2010. The first phase of an age restricted development consisting of 279 homes began this past spring. This phase is expected to be completed by spring of 2011 with additional phases to follow.

The District's enrollment has been relatively stable. Increased enrollment or redistricting of the enrollment could result in increased costs for delivery of curriculum and services.

There is a significant risk of increased expenditures to support unfunded federal and state mandates. The No Child Left Behind Act has created requirements for remedial instruction, new instructional programs and increased assessments of students. These programs and their costs are likely to increase. Additionally, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act has created increased demands on the District's Special Education expenditure budget.

The collective bargaining agreement with the Pennsbury Education Association, an employee group consisting of approximately 830 professional staff members, expired on June 30, 2010. Negotiations began in 2009-2010 and are currently ongoing.

The collective bargaining agreement with the Pennsbury Educational Support Professionals Association, an employee group consisting of approximately 700 support staff members, expires on June 30, 2011. Negotiations began in 2010-2011 and are currently ongoing.

The District is typically faced with the challenge of complying with mandated cost increases and generating adequate revenue to cover those costs. This challenge has become increasingly more difficult in light of all the uncertainties in today's economy. Nevertheless, the District is committed to improving the efficiency of school operations where they are administratively feasible and educationally prudent.

Finally, the District's School Board, administration and staff remain strongly committed to the District's long traditions of high quality education and sound financial management.

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS				LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,274,444	\$ 644,682	\$ 43,919,126	LIABILITIES	\$ 3,269,467	\$ -	\$ 3,269,467
Taxes receivable, net	3,052,238	-	3,052,238	Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	14,400,317	•	14,400,317
		(5.0.004)		Deferred revenue	871,413	66,749 53,189	938,162 6,417,674
Internal balances	540,981	(540,981)	-	Other current liabilities Accrued interest	6,364,485 2,471,699	55,169	2,471,699
Due from other governments	3,568,351	140,389	3,708,740	Long-term liabilities	-,,		
-				Portion due or payable within one year			£ 000 000
Other receivables, net	851,92 <del>4</del>	14,844	866,768	Bonds payable	5,960,000	•	5,960,000 217,713
to and also	547,162	105,718	652,880	Compensated absences	217,713 348,205		348,205
Inventories	347,102	100,710	032,000	Lease purchase obligations  Portion due or payable after one year	340,200		0.0,230
Other assets	855.675	1,660	857,335	Bonds payable	123,475,000	•	123,475,000
44.5.				Bond premium	2,264,476	-	2,264,476
Deferred debt expenses	996,868	-	996,868	Notes payable	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
				Compensated absences	2,522,380	-	2,522,380
Deferred amount on refunding	2,062,762		2,062,762	Lease purchase obligations	527,259	-	527,259
				Other postemployment benefit asset	62,579	****	62,579 182,874,931
Capital assets				TOTAL LIABILITIES	182,754,993	119,938	102,074,931
Land and site improvements	9,703,950		9,703,950	NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) Invested in capital assets, net of related			
Buildings and building improvements	170,623,200		170,623,200	debt	(21,108,814)	365,527	(20,743,287)
				Unrestricted	2,510,722	246,374	2,757,096
Furniture and equipment	51,438,194	2,306,571	53,744,765	TOTAL NET ASSETS			
Accumulated depreciation	(123,358,848)	(1,941,044)	(125,299,892)	(DEFICIT)	(18,598,092)	611,901	(17,986,191)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 164,156,901	\$ 731,839	\$ 164,888,740	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$ 164,156,901	\$ 731,839	\$ 164,888,740

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Pro	gram Revenues				
		***************************************		Operating	Capital	Net (Expen	se) Revenue and Chang	es in Net Assets
Franklin (C)		Charges for		Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction								
Regular programs	\$ 72,370,273	\$ 227,466	<b>S</b>	8,298,160	<b>s</b> -			
Special programs	28,009,839	\$ 227,400	, 4	9,526,193	•	\$ (63,844,647)	\$ -	\$ (63,844,647)
Vocational education	6,056,258	•	•		-	(18,483,646)	-	(18,483,646)
Other instructional programs	923,586	•		124,052	-	(5,932,206)	-	(5,932,206)
Support services	923,300	-	•	885,908	•	(37,678)	-	(37,678)
Pupil personnel services	5,578,159			050 407				
Instructional staff services	4,114,233	-		258,487	•	(5,319,672)	-	(5,319,672)
Administration services	8,394,585			114,807	-	(3,999,426)	-	(3,999,426)
Pupil health services		-		340,186		(8,054,399)	-	(8,054,399)
Business services	2,904,427	-		339,781	-	(2,564,646)	-	(2,564,646)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,657,706			65,092	-	(1,592,614)	-	(1,592,614)
Student transportation services	15,209,579	176,738		422,169	-	(14,610,672)	-	(14,610,672)
Central services	8,375,852	-		2,229,630	-	(6,146,222)		(6,146,222)
Other services	2,386,630	-		87,809		(2,298,821)		(2,298,821)
	129,824	-				(129,824)		(129,824)
Operation of non-instructional services						(,,		(120,024)
Student activities	1,114,352	47,004		42,943		(1,024,405)	_	(1,024,405)
Community services	199,128	•			-	(199,128)		(199,128)
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	7,135,139			-		(7,135,139)		(7.135,139)
Debt service	6,581,067			-	967,904	(5,613,163)	-	(5,613,163)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	171,140,637	451,208		22,735,217	967,904	(146,986,308)		(146,986,308)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								(7.10(000(000)
Food service	3,465,319	2,445,354		1.011.772				
Community services	210,230	253.816		1,011,772	-	•	(8,193)	(8,193)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	3,675,549			4 044 770			43,586	43,586
	3,073,349	2,699,170		1,011,772	-		35,393	35,393
TOTAL DISTRICT ACTIVITIES	\$ 174,816,186	\$ 3,150,378	. \$	23,746,989	\$ 967,904	(146,986,308)	35,393	(146,950,915)
	GENERAL REVEN	IUES						
	Taxes							
		s, levied for general	numneae			100 045 775		
	Public utility	avec	purposes			130,015,775	-	130,015,775
		ributions not restricte	nd to enoughle	. Drograma		180,864	-	180,864
	Investment earn	inne	ou to specific	programs		16,598,993	•	16,598,993
	Miscellaneous	1195				135,856	-	135,856
	TRANSFERS					181,883	•	181,883
		TAL OFNEDAL DEL	E1111E0 1111			(34,933)	34,933	-
	10	TAL GENERAL REV	ENUES AN	DIRANSFERS		147,078,438	34,933	147,113,371
	СН	ANGE IN NET ASSE	TS			92,130	70,326	162,456
	NET ASSETS (DE	FICIT) AT BEGINNIN	IG OF YEAR	र		(18,690,222)	541,575	(18,148,647)
	NE	T ASSETS (DEFICIT	) AT END O	F YEAR		\$ (18,598,092)	\$ 611,901	\$ (17,986,191)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Other receivables Inventories Other assets	\$ 30,142,654 3,052,238 540,981 3,568,351 851,775 547,162 855,675	\$ 13,131,790 - - - 149 -	\$ 43,274,444 3,052,238 540,981 3,568,351 851,924 547,162 855,675
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 39,558,836	\$ <u>13,131,939</u>	\$ 52,690,775
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued salaries and benefits Other payables TOTAL LIABILITIES  FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,902,586 3,332,739 14,400,317 6,364,485 27,000,127	\$ 366,881 - - - - 366,881	\$ 3,269,467 3,332,739 14,400,317 6,364,485 27,367,008
Nonspendable Inventories Prepaid expenses Committed to PSERS 2011-2012 appropriation	547,162 41,851 2,400,000	- -	547,162 41,851 2,400,000
Self-insurance contingency Capital projects 2011-2012 fund balance Assigned to	500,000 500,000 3,150,000	- - -	500,000 500,000 3,150,000
PSERS 2011-2012 appropriation Capital projects Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,252,000 - 4,167,696 12,558,709	12,765,058 - 12,765,058	1,252,000 12,765,058 4,167,696 25,323,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 39,558,836	\$ <u>13,131,939</u>	\$ 52,690,775

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCES TO NET DEFICIT OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2011

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCES	\$	25,323,767
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land and site improvements		9,703,950
Buildings and building improvements		170,623,200
Furniture and equipment		51,438,194
Accumulated depreciation		(123,358,848)
Deferred debt expenses		996,868
Deferred amount on refunding		2,062,762
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Accrued interest		(2,471,699)
Bonds payable		(129,435,000)
Bond premium		(2,264,476)
Notes payable		(20,000,000)
Compensated absences		(2,740,093)
Lease purchase obligations		(875,464)
Other postemployment benefits		(62,579)
Some of the District's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures		
and therefore are deferred in the funds.	_	2,461,326

\$ (18,598,092)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NET DEFICIT OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
	Ochician und	110,00001 4110	
REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 132,903,006	\$ 11,141	\$ 132,914,147
State sources	32,889,851	•	32,889,851
Federal sources	5,471,314	±-	5,471,314
TOTAL REVENUES	171,264,171	11,141	171,275,312
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	107,054,189	27,195	107,081,384
Support services	46,691,369	1,213,918	47,905,287
Operation of non-instructional services	1,264,095	~	1,264,095
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services	_	7,762,223	7,762,223
Debt service	12,342,206	,,, OZ,ZZO	12,342,206
Refund of prior year revenues	30,967	<b>-</b>	30,967
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	167,382,826	9,003,336	176,386,162
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	3,881,345	(8,992,195)	(5,110,850)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond issue proceeds	-	18,360,000	18,360,000
Bond premium	-	113,371	113,371
Bond issuance costs	-	(167,700)	(167,700)
Transfers in	-	1,524,624	1,524,624
Transfers out	(2,450)	(1,557,107)	(1,559,557)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES (USES)	(2,450)	18,273,188	18,270,738
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,878,895	9,280,993	13,159,888
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,679,814	3,484,065	12,163,879
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$12,558,709_	\$12,765,058_	\$ 25,323,767

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2011

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FORWARD	\$ 13,159,888
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$8,818,335) exceeds capital outlays (\$8,351,535) in the current period.	(466,800)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the Governmental Funds. Deferred tax revenues increased by this amount this year.	23,355
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets (deficit).	5,785,000
The current year accretion of the discount relating to the capital appreciation bonds reduces the net assets of the Governmental Funds.	(87,123)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets (deficit). This is the amount of bond proceeds received in the current period.	(18,360,000)
Bond premiums provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, while discounts and costs of issuance are uses of current financial resources in Governmental Funds. In the statement of net assets (deficit), bond premiums and costs of issuance are deferred and amortized.	30,394
In the statement of activities, certain operating expensescompensated absences (vacations and sick leave), special termination benefits (early retirement) and other postemployment benefitsare measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the Governmental Funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts paid).	(9,562)

SUBTOTAL ADJUSTMENTS FORWARD

\$ (13,084,736)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2011

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FORWARDED	\$	13,159,888
SUBTOTAL ADJUSTMENTS FORWARDED		(13,084,736)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the Governmental Funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(247,760)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets (deficit).		334,957
The net change in the asset for the net OPEB obligation is reported in the government-wide statements but not in the Governmental Funds statements.	_	(70,219)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ _	92,130

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2011

		Enterprise Funds				
				Other		Total
		Food		Enterprise		Proprietary
	5	Service Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
ASSETS						
A55E15						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	497,784	\$	146,898	\$	644,682
Due from other governments	*	140,389	Ψ	-	•	140,389
Other receivables		14,844		_		14,844
Inventories		105,718		_		105,718
Prepaid expenses		-		1,660		1,660
	-				-	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	758,735		148,558		907,293
CARITAL ACOUTO					_	
CAPITAL ASSETS		0.000.574				
Furniture and equipment		2,306,571		-		2,306,571
Accumulated depreciation TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		(1,941,044)		**	_	(1,941,044)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		365,527		-	_	365,527
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,124,262	\$	148,558	\$	1,272,820
	· m	*	-	. 10,000	Ψ=	,,2,2,020
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds	\$	407.040	Φ	40.400	Φ	# 40 004
Deferred revenue	Þ	497,819	\$	43,162	\$	540,981
Other current liabilities		66,749 53,180		-		66,749
Other current habitues	-	53,189	-	-	-	53,189
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	617,757		43,162		660,919
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		365,527				265 527
Unrestricted		140,978		- 105,396		365,527 246,374
TOTAL NET ASSETS		506,505	<del></del>	105,396		611,901
		000,000	-	100,000	-	011,301
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET						
ASSETS	\$_	1,124,262	\$	148,558	\$_	1,272,820
			===		==	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Enterpris Food Service Fund	se Funds Other Enterprise Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$_2,445,354_	\$ 253,816	\$ 2,699,170
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Employee benefits Purchased professional and technical service Purchased property service Other purchased service Supplies Depreciation Other operating expenses TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES  OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,261,506 340,607 79,517 129,725 1,582,105 60,020 11,839 3,465,319 (1,019,965)	174,546 13,276 13,377 - 6,435 2,596 - 210,230 43,586	1,436,052 353,883 13,377 79,517 136,160 1,584,701 60,020 11,839 3,675,549
NONOPERATING REVENUES Federal sources State sources TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE	912,603 99,169 1,011,772		912,603 99,169 1,011,772
TRANSFERS TRANSFERS IN	(8,193) 34,933	43,586 5,186	35,393 40,119
TRANSFERS OUT	-	(5,186)	(5,186)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	26,740	43,586	70,326
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	479,765	61,810	541,575
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$506,505_	\$ 105,396	\$ <u>611,901</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Enterprise Funds		
		Other	Total
	Food	Enterprise	Proprietary
	Service Fund	Funds	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,447,515	\$ 245,423	\$ 2,692,938
Payments to employees	(1,592,339)	(187,822)	(1,780,161)
Payments to suppliers	(1,442,930)	9,082	(1,433,848)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)			
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(587,754)	66,683	(521,071)
BT OF EIGHTING ACTIVITIES	(007,701)		(0
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds	34,933	-	34,933
Federal sources	770,909	_	770,909
State sources	99,169	-	99,169
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
NONCAPITAL FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES	905,011	-	905,011
ACTIVITIES		***************************************	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition, construction and improvements of			
capital assets	(26,830)	-	(26,830)
Capital assets	(20,000)	W	(20,000)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	290,427	66,683	357,110
0/10/1 E.Q.0/1/1EE/11/0	2.00, 12.	00,000	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING			
OF YEAR	207,357	80,215	287,572
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
AT END OF YEAR	\$ 497,784	\$ 146,898	\$ 644,682

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Enterprise Funds				
			Other	Total	
	Food	1	Enterprise		Proprietary
	Service Fund	-	Funds		Funds
DESCRIPTION OF ODERATING INCOME					
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME					
(LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES	e (4.040.00°)	ф	40 E06	\$	(976,379)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,019,965)	\$	43,586	φ	(810,319)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
(loss) to net cash used by operating					
activities	60,000				60,020
Depreciation	60,020		-		141,694
Donated foods	141,694		-		141,094
(Increase) decrease in	0.044				6,944
Due from other governments	6,944		-		8,883
Other receivables	8,883		-		6,665 4,645
Inventories	4,645		(70)		(70)
Prepaid expenses	-		(70)		(70)
Increase (decrease) in	000 070		24 560		238,533
Due to other funds	206,973		31,560		(15,115)
Deferred revenue	(6,722)		(8,393)		9,774
Other current liabilities	9,774	-			9,774
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES	\$ (587,754)	\$	66,683	\$	(521,071)
	No. of the Control of				
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES					
Noncash activities					
Donated foods	\$ 141,694	\$		\$	141,694
Donated todas	Ψ 177,007	Ψ		Ψ	1 . , , , 0 0 1

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2011

	Trust Fund	Agency Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$32,867_	\$ <u>1,043,531</u>
LIABILITIES  Due to student groups	-	\$1,043,531
NET ASSETS  Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$ <u>32,867</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Trust Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings	\$ 13,110 14
TOTAL ADDITIONS	13,124
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships awarded	8,635
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	4,489
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,378
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$32,867

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Pennsbury School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its Proprietary Funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the District. This report presents the activities of the Pennsbury School District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity nor does it have any component units.

Bucks County Technical School (the "Technical School") is a joint venture of the District. The Technical School is a separate legal entity that unites six school districts located in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and is not reported as part of the District's reporting entity. The purpose of the joint venture is to provide job training to students located in the Bucks County area and to share the costs associated with providing such training. Through a contractual arrangement with other participants, the District pays the Technical School for training given to District students. The financial report of the Technical School may be obtained by contacting the Technical School.

#### Basis of Presentation and Accounting

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net assets (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the Proprietary Funds financial statements but differs from the manner in which Governmental Funds financial statements are prepared. Governmental Funds financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for Governmental Funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of Governmental and Proprietary Funds financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. The financial statements for Governmental Funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

The Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Proprietary Funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the Enterprise Funds include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Trust Funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

**General Fund** - This is the general operating fund of the District. All activities of the District are accounted for through this fund except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is reported as a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for financial resources used to acquire or construct major capital projects. The revenue in this fund comes from the sale of bonds/notes or from capital appropriations from the General Fund under the Capital Reserve Fund provisions of the Pennsylvania School Code. This fund is reported as a major fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Food Service Fund** - This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The fund accounts for all revenues, food purchases and costs and expenses for the food service program. This fund is reported as a major fund.

**Community Service Fund and Aquatics Fund** - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds account for all revenues and costs and expenses of the community service program and the aquatics program.

#### Fiduciary Funds

**Trust and Agency Funds** - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

# Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the Governmental Funds balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets (deficit), except for amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which, when present, are shown as internal balances.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the General Fund, which consist primarily of supplies, are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of the Food Service Fund are valued at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market except for donated inventories, which are valued at average fair market value.

Prepaid expenses record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventory and prepaid expenses are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines a capital asset as an asset with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$500 or purchased with debt proceeds and must also have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements, building and building improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles (salvage = 10%)	20 5-20 8

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Such is the case in the General Fund, where deferred revenue has been established to offset real estate tax receivables. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Governmental Funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund Types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or Proprietary Fund Types statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Compensated Absences**

District employees accumulate sick time in accordance with their applicable contracts. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Governmental Funds report only matured compensated absences payable to currently terminated employees and are included in accrued salaries and benefits.

The District has a contractual agreement whereby unused vacation of administrative staff up to a maximum of seven days is placed into a tax-sheltered annuity account for each employee at the end of each fiscal year. Deposits are calculated by multiplying unused vacation days by the employee's per diem rate. Undesignated employee deposits of \$144,852 at June 30, 2011, are included in other payables of the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### GASB Statement No. 54

As of June 30, 2011, the District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the Governmental Funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of Directors. This includes the budget reserve account.
- Assigned Amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose, as expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds balance sheet (page 14). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate, followed by committed resources and then assigned resources, to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the Board of Directors. The District does reserve the right to first reduce unassigned fund balance to defer the use of these other classified funds. In the event that unassigned fund balance becomes zero, then assigned and committed fund balances are used in that order.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE B CASH

#### <u>Cash</u>

Custodial Credit Risk. - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2011, \$39,847,953 of the District's bank balance of \$45,470,307 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the District's name; however, these funds are collateralized in accordance with Act 72

\$ 39,847,953

Interest Rate Risk - The District's investment policy limits investment maturities in accordance with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania School Code as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### NOTE C TAXES - REAL ESTATE AND OTHER

The School Board is authorized by state law to levy property taxes for District operations, capital improvements and debt service. Property taxes are based on assessed valuations of real property within the District.

Taxes are levied on July 1 and payable in the following periods:

Discount period	July 1 to September 2 - 2% of gross levy
Face period	September 3 to November 3
Penalty period	November 4 to collection - 10% of gross levy
Lien date	January 15

District taxes are billed and collected by the local elected tax collector. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE D ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2011, consisted of taxes, interest, other revenue and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered fully collectible due to the ability to lien property for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of accounts receivable by fund is as follows:

	-	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Food Service Fund	
Real estate taxes Due from other governments Other receivables	\$	3,052,238 3,568,351 851,775	\$	- - 149_	\$	140,389 14,844
	\$_	7,472,364	\$	149	\$	155,233

#### NOTE E INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

#### **Due to/from Other Funds**

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	•••	Amount
General Fund General Fund	Food Service Fund Other Enterprise Funds	\$	497,819 43,162
		\$	540,981

The amounts between the Food Service Fund and the General Fund are General Fund monies used to pay the expenditures of the Food Service Fund.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Transfer In	Transfer Out	_	Amount
Food Service Fund Food Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund General Fund	\$	32,483 2,450
		\$ _	34,933

The District typically uses General Fund and Capital Projects Fund monies to purchase equipment for the Food Service Fund.

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE F CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:				
	Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and site improvements	\$ 9,599,340	\$ 104,610	•	\$ 9,703,950
Capital assets being depreciated	1 210001010	104,010	<u> </u>	9 8,703,830
Buildings and building improvements	163,523,980	7,099,220		170,623,200
Furniture and equipment	50,751,467	1,198,930	(512,203)	51,438,194
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED	214,275,447	8,298,150	(512,203)	222,061,394
Accumulated depreciation			1012,2007	222,001,004
Buildings and building improvements	(73,992,473)	(6,270,183)	_	(80,262,656)
Fumilure and equipment	(41,009,019)	(2,548,152)	460,979	(43,096,192)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(115,001,492)	(8,818,335)	460,979	(123,358,848)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED, net	99,273,955	(520,185)	(51,224)	98,702,546
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, net	108,873,295	(415,575)	(51,224)	108,406,496
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Furniture and equipment				
Accumulated depreciation	2,279,741	26,830	-	2,306,571
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, net	(1,881,024)	(60,020)	-	(1,941,044)
AND THE CONTINUE ON THE MODE TO, THE	398,717	(33,190)	-	365,527
CAPITAL ASSETS, net	\$ 100,272,012	¢ (440.705)	. (51.00.1)	
* *****	\$ 109,272,012	\$ (448,765)	\$(51,224)	\$ 108,772,023

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

INSTRUCTION		
Regular programs	\$	243,743
Special programs		12,018
Vocational education		8,595
Other instructional programs		923
SUPPORT SERVICES		
Pupil personnel services		5,187
Instructional staff services		1,084,647
Library services		7,337
Administration services		16,899
Pupil health services		4,803
Business services		11,024
Operation and maintenance of plant services		202,373
Student transportation services		586,850
Central services		27,796
NON-INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES		
Athletics		70,824
Site acquisitions		914
Existing site improvements		199,663
Building acquisitions, new		13,057
Building acquisitions, replacement		6,321,682
	•	0.040.005
	\$	8,818,335

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE G LEASES

#### Capital Leases

The District has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of technology equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Technology equipment	\$ 1,139,012
Transportation equipment	961,457
Accumulated depreciation	 (1,462,582)
	\$ 637,887

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2012	\$ 381,860
2013	381,860
2014	 170,810
	 934,530
Amount representing interest	 (59,066)
PRESENT VALUE OF MINIMUM	
LEASE PAYMENTS	\$ 875,464

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE H LONG-TERM DEBT

#### General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The District has issued various general obligation serial bonds and notes to finance capital projects and for advance refundings of bonds.

The District has \$129,435,000 of bonds payable at June 30, 2011. During the year, the District made principal payments of \$5,785,000 and interest payments of \$5,591,227 related to the bond issues outstanding.

The District has \$20,000,000 of notes payable at June 30, 2011.

#### Series of 2010 Bond Issuance

The District issued \$18,360,000 of general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction, design and equipping of renovations and additions to the Makefield Elementary School, the Eleanor Roosevelt Elementary School and other school buildings and facilities owned and operated by the District.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Face Value	Principal	Interest
2012	\$ 5,960,000	\$ 5,960,000	\$ 5,693,714
2013	6,215,000	6,215,000	5,443,311
2014	6,465,000	6,465,000	5,190,301
2015	6,745,000	6,745,000	4,909,484
2016	6,860,000	6,860,000	4,645,061
2017 to 2021	39,180,000	39,180,000	18,161,690
2022 to 2026	29,805,000	29,805,000	10,360,912
Thereafter	28,205,000	28,205,000	2,324,208
	\$_129,435,000	129,435,000	\$ 56,728,681

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Princ	Principal			
2012	s	_	\$	800,000	
2013		-		800,000	
2014		-		800,000	
2015		_		800,000	
2016 to 2020		-		4,792,667	
2021 to 2024	20,00	000,00	_	1,154,000	
	\$ 20,00	00,000	\$_	9,146,667	

#### NOTE CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Accreted Discount	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND NOTES								
Bonds								
Series of 1991	7.050%	01/15/11	\$ 1,707,877	\$ -	\$ 87,123	\$ (1,795,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Series of 2002	4.000% to 4.400%	06/30/12	2,085,000			(810,000)	1,275,000	1,275,000
Series of 2004	2.625% to 5.250%	08/01/25	39,135,000			(380,000)	38,755,000	1,540,000
Series of 2006	3.500% to 5.000%	06/30/22	42,325,000	-		(240,000)	42,085,000	250,000
Series of 2008	2.000% to 4.550%	08/01/25	8,995,000			(240,000)	8,755,000	485,000
Series of 2009	2.500% to 5.000%	08/15/14	12,525,000	-		(2,315,000)	10,210,000	2,400,000
Series A of 2009	1.050% to 4.125%	08/01/29	10,000,000	-		(5,000)	9,995,000	5,000
Series of 2010	.900% to 4.000%	08/01/30		18,360,000	-		18,360,000	5,000
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS			116,772,877	18,360,000	87,123	(5,785,000)	129,435,000	5,960,000
Notes, Series of 2004	Variable	08/01/23	20,000,000	•	•	-	20,000,000	· · · · · ·
Deferred amount, bond premium			2,422,910	113,371	-	(271,805)	2,264,476	
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS								
AND NOTES			139,195,787	18,473,371	87,123	(6,056,805)	151,699,476	5,960,000
COMPENSATED ABSENCES			2,730,530	212,698		(203,135)	2,740,093	217,713
CAPITAL LEASES			1,210,421			(334,957)	875,464	348,205
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			\$ 143,136,738	\$ 18,686,069	\$ 87,123	\$ (6,594,897)	\$ 155,315,033	\$ 6,525,918

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE J NONCANCELABLE LEASE OBLIGATION

In November 1995, the Bucks County Technical School Authority (the "Authority") issued school revenue bonds in the aggregate amount of \$27,260,000 for a new technical school and renovations on the old technical school. The bonds are secured under a trust indenture between the Authority and Wachovia National Bank by a pledge of, and are payable solely from, lease rentals payable by the Authority's member school districts, which includes the District, under an assignment of the lease. Thus, the District is obligated for a portion of the above amount. Each member school district's portion of the debt is based on a calculation of the apportionment of the lease rental among the member school districts made to create an equal millage impact upon all member school districts, which is effective for five years. This apportionment is then adjusted every five years thereafter until the lease expires or all payments are made. The Authority refinanced the bonds in 2005. The District made rental payments of \$859,397 for the year ended June 30, 2016, of which \$584,118 represented principal payments.

Shown below are the District's lease payments for the next five years and thereafter based on the apportionment that is binding through fiscal year 2016:

Year Ending					Adr	ministrative		
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest		Fees	-	<u>Totals</u>
2012	\$	609,174	\$	243,625	\$	6,264	\$	859,063
2013		637,362		215,067		6,264		858,693
2014		663,984		188,458		6,264		858,706
2015		693,738		157,835		6,264		857,837
2016		729,756		122,247		6,264		858,267
2017 to 2019		2,383,452	_	163,710	******	18,792		2,565,954
	\$_	5,717,466	\$_	1,090,942	\$	50,112	\$_	6,858,520

#### NOTE K DEFERRED REVENUE

#### General Fund

Real estate taxes collected within 60 days of the close of the fiscal year are recorded as current revenues. The noncurrent portion of real estate taxes receivable is recorded as deferred revenue until such time as it becomes available. Program grants received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as deferred revenue.

At June 30, 2011, deferred revenue consisted of delinquent taxes receivable and federal and state subsidies of \$3,332,739.

#### Food Service Fund

Deferred revenue of \$66,749 in the Food Service Fund consists of federal subsidies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### NOTE L PENSIONS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that state and local governmental employers disclose in their notes to financial statements, certain information about the public employee retirement systems to which they contribute. PSERS is providing the following information in accordance with GASB to assist the employers in the preparation of their annual financial statements.

#### Plan Description

Name of Plan: Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System").

Type of Plan: Governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

**Benefits**: Retirement and disability, legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments, healthcare insurance premium assistance to qualifying annuitants.

Authority: The Public School Employees' Retirement Code (Act No. 96 of October 2, 1975, as amended) (24 Pa. C. S. 8101-8535).

Annual Financial Report: The System issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to Diane J. Wert, Office of Financial Management, Public School Employees' Retirement System, PO Box 125, Harrisburg, PA 17108-0125. The CAFR is also available on the Publications page of the PSERS website.

#### **Funding Policy**

**Authority**: The contribution policy is established in the Public School Employees' Retirement Code and requires contributions by active members, employers and the Commonwealth.

#### Contribution Rates

#### **Member Contributions**

- Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.
- Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.
- Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

**Employer Contributions**: Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial valuation. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the rate of employer's contribution was 5.64% of covered payroll. The 5.64% rate is composed of a pension contribution rate of 5.00% for pension benefits and .64% for healthcare insurance premium assistance.

The District's contribution to PSERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, was \$5,239,176, \$4,498,483 and \$4,496,567, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

#### NOTE M OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The District provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees, spouses and dependents through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefits level, employee contribution and employer contribution are administered by District Board Members and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The District does not have any current contracts that offer postemployment benefits. The activity of the plan is reported in the District's General Fund.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District negotiates the contribution percentage between the District and employees through union contracts and its personnel policy. The required contribution rates of the employer and the members vary depending on the applicable agreement. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the District.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Normal cost			\$	458,741			
Amortization of u		1,099,873					
Interest		·		20,643			
AN	INUAL REQUIRED CONTRI	BUTION (ARC)	<del></del>	1,579,257			
Interest on net O	PEB obligation	, .		(344)			
Adjustment to AF	≀C			747			
AN	INUAL OPEB EXPENSE			1,579,660			
Net OPEB contrib	outions during the year		(	(1,509,441)			
	Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year						
NE	\$	62,579					
		Percentage					
	Annual	of Annual		Not OPER			
Vaar	Annual OPER Cost	of Annual OPEB Cost		Net OPEB			
Year	Annual OPEB Cost	of Annual		Net OPEB Obligation			
<u>Year</u> 2009		of Annual OPEB Cost					
to the state of th	OPEB Cost	of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		Obligation			

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2009, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11,243,782 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$84,776,986, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 13.26%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information on page 50, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

#### Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0% initially, reduced by decrements of .5% to an ultimate rate of 5.5% after five years. Both rates included a 3.0% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2009, was 14 years.

#### NOTE N NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2011, the District segregated the ending fund balance of the General Fund for standard fund balance reserves as follows:

Inventories	\$ 547,162
Prepaid expenses	 41,851
	\$ 589,013

#### NOTE O RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance except for employee health care, which is insured by the District as explained below.

The District insures for employee health care on a cost-plus basis. The District also has commercial insurance for health care claims that exceed \$100,000 on any one individual in any one plan year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

Liabilities for health care cost are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The claims liability is calculated based on management's judgment of reasonable reserves for payment lags and catastrophic events. The claims liability is reported as part of other payables in the General Fund.

Changes in the program's claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2011, is presented below:

Balance June 30, 2010	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	<u>J</u> ı	Balance June 30, 2011			
\$5,202,303_	\$ 18,144,309	\$ <u>(17,324,309)</u>	\$_	6,022,303			

Independence Blue Cross is the administrator of the District's healthcare plan. The District also maintains \$813,824 in an escrow account to indemnify Blue Cross in the event that the District terminates the plan or does not pay its claims. This escrow amount is reported as a prepaid asset in the General Fund.

#### NOTE P POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

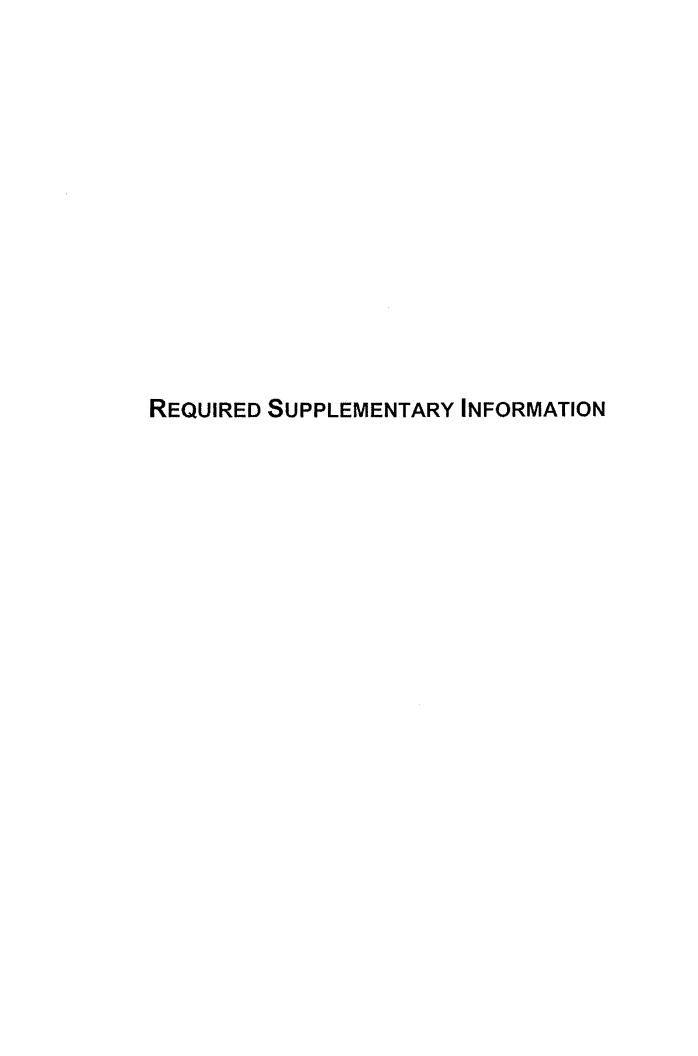
In addition to the pension benefits described in Note L, the District provided early retirement incentives to all professional and administrative employees who met specific age and year of service requirements through June 30, 2003. The benefits were adopted as part of the employment contracts negotiated between the unions and the School Board. The benefits offered are cash bonus payments to be applied to health insurance coverage. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, there were 68 participants, and the expense related to the benefits totaled approximately \$629,592.

#### NOTE Q LITIGATION AND OTHER MATTERS

The District is a defendant in several actions related to tax billings, assessment valuations and labor grievances. In the opinion of the District's officials, the ultimate outcome of these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

#### NOTE R SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In October 2011, the District approved the issuance of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2011, in the aggregate amount not to exceed \$10,000,000. Bond proceeds are to be used to fund capital improvements.



PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budgete	Actual Amounts	Varlance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
	<del> </del>			
REVENUES Local sources		* 400.040.004	<b>4</b> 400 000 000	\$ (345.928)
State sources	\$ 133,248,934	\$ 133,248,934	\$ 132,903,006	(,,
Federal sources	37,586,866	37,586,866	32,889,851	(4,697,015)
rederal sources	2,479,200	2,479,200	5,471,314	2,992,114
TOTAL REVENUES	173,315,000	173,315,000	171,264,171	(2,050,829)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	111.860.449	111,637,653	107.054.189	4,583,464
Support services	49.687.136	49,904,325	46,691,369	3.212.956
Operation of non-instructional services	1,399,450	1,404,487	1,264,095	140,392
Debt service	12,806,085	12,806,085	12,342,206	463,879
Refund of prior year revenues	60,000	60,000	30,967	29,033
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	175,813,120	175,812,550	167,382,826	8,429,724
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(2,498,120)	(2,497,550)	3,881,345	6.378.895
	***	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,,	-,
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(1,880)	(2,450)	(2,450)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	3,878,895	6,378,895
		,	-,	. (4. 4)444
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,679,814	8,679,814	8,679,814	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$6,179,814_	\$ 6,179,814	\$ 12,558,709	\$ 6,378,895

See accompanying note to the budgetary comparison schedule.

NOTE TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to May 31, the District Board submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the General Fund.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. On or before June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Legal budgetary control is maintained by the School Board at the department level. Transfers between departments, whether between funds or within a fund, or revisions that alter total revenues and expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board. Budgetary information in the combined operating statements is presented at or below the legal level of budgetary control.
- Budgetary data are included in the District's management information system and are employed as a management control device during the year.
- The budget for the General Fund is adopted substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying required supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions to the annual budgets during the year).

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS Year Ended June 30, 2011

## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				(b) Entry Age					(f) UAAL as a
Valuation Date July 1,	-	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	_	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(c) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	(d) Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	*******	(e) Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll (c)/(e)
2007 2009	\$	-	\$	12,250,333 11,243,782	\$ 12,250,333 11,243,782		% %	\$ 76,532,119 84,776,986	16.01% 13.26%

# MAILLIE, FALCONIERO & COMPANY, LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Business Counselors

www.maillie.com

PO Box 680 Oaks, PA 19456-0680 610-935-1420 Fax: 610-935-1632 PO Box 3068 West Chester, PA 19381-3068 610-696-4353 Fax: 610-430-8811

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pennsbury School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Pennsbury School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Pennsbury School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pennsbury School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pennsbury School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

#### **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pennsbury School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Maille Falconiers o Congray, UP

Oaks, Pennsylvania November 22, 2011

## MAILLIE, FALCONIERO & COMPANY, LLP

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Certified Public Accountants and Business Counselors

www.maillie.com

PO Box 680 Oaks, PA 19456-0680 610-935-1420 Fax: 610-935-1632 PO Box 3068 West Chester, PA 19381-3068 610-696-4353

Fax: 610-430-8811

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major
Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

#### COMPLIANCE

We have audited the Pennsbury School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Pennsbury School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. Pennsbury School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Pennsbury School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Pennsbury School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Pennsbury School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Pennsbury School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Pennsbury School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

To the Board of Directors Pennsbury School District Bucks County, Pennsylvania

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the Pennsbury School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Pennsbury School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pennsbury School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Maillie Falconieu + Company, UP

Oaks, Pennsylvania November 22, 2011

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2010	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at Jurie 30, 2011
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education										
Title !	1	84.010*	013-100331	September 2, 2009 to September 30, 2010	<b>\$</b> 673,030	\$ 155,371	\$ 66,468	\$ 88,903	\$ 88,903	\$ -
Title I - Academic Achievement Award	1	84.010*	077-100331	July 1, 2009 to September 30, 2011	7,200	5,760	(1,440)	7,200	7,200	•
Title I	l	84.010*	013-110331	July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011	577,692	577,692	•	508,629	508,629	(69,063)
Title I - Academic Achievement Award	1	84.010*	077-110331	July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011	5,000	1,000	-	3,341	3,341	2,341
Title II	1	84.387*	020-100331	September 2, 2009 to September 30, 2010	318,099	48,938	26,157	22,781	22,781	-
Title II	I	84.367*	020-110331	July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011	319,394	234,441	-	298,219	298,219	63,778
Title ill	ı	84.365	010-100331	November 9, 2009 to September 30, 2010	75,831	41,362	(20,446)	61,808	61,808	•
Title III	4	84.365	010-100331	January 31, 2011 to September 30, 2011	45,359	-		6,012	6,012	6,012
Public Library Improvement Services	1	45.310	202-909063	May 19, 2009 to May 31, 2010	15,000	4	4	-	-	•
Orug Free Schools and Communities Act	ž	84.186	100-100331	July 1, 2009 to May 5, 2011	30,970	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-
Drug Free Schools and Communities Act	1	84.186	100-100585	May 5, 2011 to September 30, 2011	10,000	4,000	-	7,410	7,410	3,410
Education Jobs Fund	I	84.410*	140-139186	August 10, 2010 to September 30, 2011	1,021,008	1,021,008	-	1,021,008	1,021,008	-
Dual Enrollment	1	84.298	090-110331	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	6,083	8,319	-	6,083	6,083	(2,236)
ARRA - Fiscal Stabilization - Basic Ed	ı	84.394 *	126-100331	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	1,766,007	147,167	147,167	•		J
ARRA - Fiscal Stabilization - Basic Ed	1	84.394 *	126-110331	July 1, 2010 to	1,723,269	1,148,846		1,723,269	1,723,269	574,423
SUBTOTAL FORWARD				June 30, 2011		\$ 3,398,908	\$ 217,910	\$_3,759,663	\$ 3,759,663	\$ 578,665

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2010	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2011
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUBTOTAL FORWARDED						\$ 3,398,908	\$ 217,910	\$ 3,759,663	\$ 3,759,663	\$ 578,665
Passed through the Bucks County Intermediate Unit IDEA	ı	84.027 *	062-100022	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	\$ 1,839,489	559,848	559,848	-	-	
IDEA	ı	84.027 *	062-110022	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	1,927,949	1,337,520	-	1,927,949	1,927,949	590,429
ARRA - IDEA-B Grants to States	1	84.391 *	128-100022	February 17, 2009 to September 30, 2011	2,160,671	1,098,568	192,126	1,105,542	1,105,542	199,100
Passed through the Allegheny Intermediate Unit Special Education Inclusion Grant	1	84.027	062-10032	August 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	19,977	19,977	19,977	•	-	-
Passed through the County of Bucks: Pennsylvanis Commission on Crime & Delinquency T.R.A.C.K.	ı	16.523	2007-JB-13-18884	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	10,000	10,000	1,119	8,881	8,881	-
T.R.A.C.K.	1	16.523	2008-JB-13-19829	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	10,000		<u>:</u>	500	500	500
TOTAL FORWARD				04110 30, 2011		6,424,821	990,980	6,802,535	6,802,535	1,368,694
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare Medical Assistance ACCESS TOTAL FORWARD	ı	93.778	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	3,487	3,487 3,487		3,487 3,487	3,487	<u> </u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education										
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	-	17,400	17,400	-	-	-
National School Lunch Program	ı	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010	-	112,553	112,553	•	-	-
National School Lunch Program	1	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010		15,515	15,515	-	u.	-
Breakfast Program	ı	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010		1,865	1,865		-	<u> </u>
SUBTOTAL FORWARD				June 30, 2010		\$147,333_	\$147,333	\$	\$	\$

PENNSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2010	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2011
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TOTAL FORWARDED						\$ 6,424,821	\$ 990,980	\$ 6,802,535	\$ 6,802,535	\$ 1,368,694
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES TOTAL FORWARDED						3,487	-	3,487	3,487	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of										
Education SUBTOTAL FORWARDED						147,333	147,333	*		-
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	\$ -	76,840	÷	94,388	94,388	17,548
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	-	557,910	-	684,169	664,169	106,259
National School Lunch Program - FFVP	1	10.582	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	-	11,472	*	12,353	12,353	881
National School Lunch Program	1	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	-	75,889	٠	89,818	89,818	13,929
Breakfast Program	1	N/A	N/A	July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011	-	7,577	-	9,351	9,351	1,774
Passed through the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2010 to	•	134,972_(a)	<u>(73,471)</u> (b	) <u>141,894</u> (c)	141,694 (c)	(66,749) (d)
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				June 30, 2011		1,011,993	73,862	1,011,773	1,011,773	73,642
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS						7,440,301	1,064,842	7,817,795	7,817,795	1,442,336
LESS STATE SHARE						(83,466)		(99,169)	(99,169)	(15,703)
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS						\$ 7,356,835	\$ 1,064,842	\$ 7,718,626	\$ 7,718,626	\$ 1,426,633

Footnates:

Source Codes:

Total amount of foods received from the Department of Agriculture. Beginning inventory at July 1, 2010. Total amount of foods used. Ending inventory at June 30, 2011.

i = Indirect Funding
\* = Major Program

(b) (c) (d)

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Pennsbury School District. The District reporting entity is defined in Note A to the District's basic financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule.

#### NOTE B BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note A to the District's basic financial statements.

#### NOTE C RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following is a reconciliation of revenue per the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards to the basic financial statements:

GENERAL FUND Local sources* Federal sources**	\$ 1,937,330 4,868,693
FOOD SERVICE FUND Federal sources TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE	912,603 7,718,626
FOOD SERVICE FUND State sources	99,169
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	\$ 7,817,795

<sup>\*</sup>IDEA, T.R.A.C.K. grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding \$3,487 of medical assistance payments

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Pennsbury School District.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Pennsbury School District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major award programs for the Pennsbury School District expresses an unqualified opinion.
- There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Program	CFDA
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B), Recovery Act	84.391
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act (Education Stabilization Fund)	84.394
Education Jobs Fund (ARRA) Title I	84.410 84.010
Title II	84.367

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Pennsbury School District was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

## B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2011

None.